

Jonathan Watson, MD

REHABILITATION PROTOCOL- ACL reconstruction & meniscus repair 1 (peripheral,

vertical tears)

The rehabilitation guidelines are presented in a criterion based progression program. General time frames are given for reference to the average, but individual patients will progress at different rates depending on their age, associated injuries, pre-injury health status, rehab compliance, tissue quality and injury severity. Specific time frames, restrictions, and precautions may also be given to protect healing tissues and the surgical repair/reconstruction. It should not be a substitute for one's clinical decision making regarding the progression of a patient's post-operative course based on their physical exam findings, individual progress, and/or the presence of post-operative complications. The therapist should consult the referring physician with any questions or concerns.

Special attention must be given to impairments that caused the initial problem. For example, if the patient is s/p partial medial meniscectomy and they have a varus alignment, post-operative rehabilitation should include correcting muscle imbalances or postures that create medial compartment stress.

INDIVIDUAL CONSIDERATIONS: S/p

REHAB GOALS	1. Protection of the post-surgical repair
	 Full passive knee extension and flexion to 90 degrees (medial meniscus), 70 degrees (lateral meniscus)
	3. Restore leg control – no lag with straight-leg-raise
	4. Restore/maintain patellar mobility
	5. Eliminate effusion/swelling
PRECAUTIONS	1. Crutches and weight bearing as tolerated with brace locked in extension. Brace flexion limited to 90 degrees (medial meniscus), 70 degrees (lateral meniscus)
	2. Brace on for sleep for 2 weeks (locked in extension), afterwards can remove for sleep and bathing.
	3. Cryocuff 3-5 times per day for 20 minutes and ice after every therapy
	session 4. No open chain exercises for quadriceps/hamstring
RANGE OF MOTION	 Heel props, prone hangs for passive knee extension Patellar mobilization- superior/inferior and medial/lateral Dassive active assist active knee flavian active (active assist knee)
	 Passive, active assist, active knee flexion, active/active assist knee

PHASE 1- Surgery to 2 weeks

EXERCISES	 extension (limit 90-30 for anterior horn repairs) Hamstring & calf stretches
SUGGESTED THERAPEUTIC EXERCISES	 Quad sets Side lying hip abduction, prone hip extension Calf pumps, ankle strengthening exercises BTB/quadriceps autograft-prone isometric hamstring exercises 30- 45 flexion NMES as tolerated Standing weight shifts, gait training with crutches
CARDIOVASCULAR	Upper body circuit training or UBE.
EXERCISE	
PROGRESSION	• Minimal pain & swelling
CRITERIA	 Full passive extension symmetrical Coord guad act, able to perform SLB without lag
	 Good quad set, able to perform SLR without lag Knee flexion to 90 degrees (70 degrees for lateral) and full
	extension
	 Good patellar mobility

PHASE 2- 3-6weeks

REHAB GOALS	 Protection of the post-surgical repair Restore knee range of motion – full knee extension and Knee flexion Regain quadriceps control Minimize pain and swelling Restore normal gait Crutches and weight bearing as tolerated with brace locked in extension until week 4. Can then unlock for ambulation. Discontinue brace when: minimal pain & swelling, full & symmetric passive knee extension, 120 deg of knee flexion, able to perform straight leg raise without lag, normal gait pattern without crutches (about 6 weeks) Cryocuff 3-5 times per day for 20 minutes and ice after every therapy session
RANGE OF MOTION EXERCISES	 Continue phase 1 exercises Manual passive knee extension as needed Patellar mobilizations Passive knee flexion- no ROM limitation
SUGGESTED THERAPEUTIC	 Continue phase 1 exercises SLRs in all planes if no extensor lag. Can add resistance at ankle if no extensor lag at 6 weeks

EXERCISES	 Heel raises, start double leg, progress to single leg
	\circ Double leg balance knee flexed 30 deg. If minimal deviations, can
	progress further to unstable surface then eyes closed.
	 Open chain knee extension from 90 to 60 flexion only. Light
	resistance up to 10lb ok
	 Week 6- BTB & quad grafts- resisted knee flexion (prone &
	standing) 0-90 when 100 active knee flexion achieved. Once
	performed with 10lb can transition to leg curl machine.
	 Week 6- Mini squats, leg press & wall slides 0-60 deg flexion
	 Gait training
CARDIOVASCULAR	Upper body circuit training (seated), core strengthening or UBE
EXERCISE	Stationary bike- high seat, low resistance
	Pool walking at 3 weeks
PROGRESSION	 Minimal pain & swelling
CRITERIA	 Full passive knee extension, SLR without lag
	 At least 120 deg of flexion
	 Able to walk without assistive device

PHASE 3-7-12 weeks postop

 Protection of graft during healing
 Maintain/restore full ROM
 Improve quad strength & endurance
 Improve hip & core strength, balance, stability
 Continue ice after PT
 Avoid post activity swelling
 No impact activities/plyometrics
 Avoid posterior knee pain with deep flexion
 Avoid single leg squats
 Continue exercises from phase 2.
 Soft tissue/scar mobilizations as needed
 Hip ROM as tolerated, avoid excessive ER/IR that would torque
knee
 Continue phase 2 exercises
• Hip & core strengthening- cont 4 way hip exercises, side steps,
diagonal walking w/bands, planks, pelvic tilts, bridging, lateral
side support
 Balance- progress to throwing & catching objects on two legs,
balance boards, perturbations
 Open chain- continue limited arc extension (90 to 60 deg
flexion ONLY) advance to machine when tolerating 10lb
 Hamstring autografts- ok to start resisted knee flexion (prone &
standing) 0-90 when 100 active knee flexion achieved. Once

	 performed with 10lb can transition to leg curl machine. Closed chain- continue exercises from phase 2, progress to 0-75 deg knee flexion for step ups/downs, leg press, squat, lunge. Minisquats 0-45, lateral step ups (5-10cm block)
CARDIOVASCULAR	Week 7- Elliptical, stairmaster
EXERCISE	Pool walking
	Nordic trak, swimming with straight leg kick at week 9
PROGRESSION	 Minimal pain & swelling
CRITERIA	 Symmetrical passive & active extension and flexion
	 Adequate progression in neuromuscular & balance exercises
	 No issue with progression to treadmill elliptical

PHASE 4-13-20 weeks postop

REHAB GOALS PRECAUTIONS	 Restore/maintain full ROM Improve strength, at least 70% quad strength prior to running Continue neuromuscular progression Walk/run progression Caution when progressing strengthening in this phase. The graft is at risk of failure and aggressive rehab could be detrimental Post-activity soreness should resolve within 24 hours Avoid post activity swelling Continue ice after PT Avoid posterior knee pain with deep flexion
RANGE OF MOTION EXERCISES	Avoid single leg squats Continue with flexibility exercises Hip, IT band stretching & sport specific stretches if precautions followed
SUGGESTED THERAPEUTIC EXERCISES	 Progress phase 3 activities with resistance/weight Balance/neuromuscular- continue progression to single leg stance then with unstable surface, perturbations, etc Ok to increase closed chain strengthening exercises ROM to 0-90 Progress Closed chain to single leg: leg press, higher level step up/downs
CARDIOVASCULAR EXERCISE	Continue previous phase exercises Week 20- Progress to walk/run progression when quadriceps index (dynamometer strength ratio of involved/uninvolved) is 70%. Can progress to running when tolerate fast treadmill walking for 15 minutes. Straight ahead, level surface only. Do not increase more than 10% per week.
PROGRESSION	 At least 70% quad strength

SKYLINE ORTHOPEDICS

CRITERIA	 Able to walk 20 min without pain or swelling 	
	 Clearance by physician 	

PHASE 5-21-32 weeks

REHAB GOALS PRECAUTIONS RANGE OF MOTION	 No pain/swelling/instability Full ROM 90% quad strength Begin agility, jumping and hopping Post-activity soreness should resolve within 24 hours Avoid post activity swelling Continue with flexibility exercises
EXERCISES	
SUGGESTED THERAPEUTIC EXERCISES	 Progress strengthening from phase 4 Open chain- ok to advance knee extension from 90-60 to 90-45 degrees Closed chain- ok to increase ROM from 0-90 as tolerated. Advance resistance/difficulty as tolerated Balance/neuromuscular- continue to progress and advance difficulty Week 24- Agility training- 85% quadriceps strength prior to initiating: lateral shuffling, forward/backward shuttle runs, carioca, ladder drills. Start with 50% effort, progress slowly to 100%. Week 24- Plyometrics- begin when 85% quad strength achieved. Make sure good form with landing. Begin with single forward jumps take off and landing both legs. Progress to side to side jumping, jumping w/rotation, box jumps. As patient improves progress from single to consecutive jumps. Single leg hops when 90% quad strength achieved, perform jumps on both legs with equal weight distribution, follow same progression as jumping above, emphasize correct form.
CARDIOVASCULAR EXERCISE	 Continue from phase 4 Progress to sprinting when quad index >90%. Transition from running to full sprint short distances. Progress from 40 to 100 meters.
PROGRESSION CRITERIA	 No pain/swelling Full ROM symmetrical Quad index at least 90% Hop test scores at least 80%: single leg hop for distance, single leg triple hop, single leg triple crossover hop, timed 10 meter hop. Tolerating full effort agility, jumping/hopping, and sprinting without symptoms or movement abnormalities

PHASE 6-8-12 months postop

REHAB GOALS PRECAUTIONS	 No pain/swelling/instability Full ROM Greater than 90% quad strength Return to sport/work Post-activity soreness should resolve within 24 hours Avoid post activity swelling Functional brace when thigh muscle girth <1cm side to side difference
RANGE OF MOTION EXERCISES	Continue with flexibility exercises
SUGGESTED THERAPEUTIC EXERCISES	 Progress from phase 4 Agility training- continue, incorporate sport specific activities Plyometrics- jumping & hopping more challenging by changing height/distance, speed, directions, combination of tasks Cutting drills: when 90% quad strength: begin with running S pattern, progress to 45 deg cuts then sharper cuts. Can begin pivoting & cut and spin drills when able to cut at sharp angles include anticipated and unanticipated movements, incorporate sport specific activities Return to sport test: see below
CARDIOVASCULAR EXERCISE	 Advance to baseline
PROGRESSION CRITERIA- RETURN TO SPORT	 Full ROM equal to contralateral No pain or swelling Quadriceps index and hop test >90% of contralateral Tolerating all drills without symptoms Passing return to sport test

RETURN TO SPORT TEST

- o 10 rep max single leg squat with external weight
- o Single broad jump landing on one foot
- Triple broad jump landing on one foot
- Single leg forward hop
- Single leg crossover hop
- o Single leg medial and lateral hop
- o Single leg medial and lateral rotating hop
- o Single leg vertical hop

SKYLINE ORTHOPEDICS

- \circ Single leg triple hop
- Timed 6 meter hop
- \circ 10 yard lower extremity functional test
- \circ 10 yard pro agility run